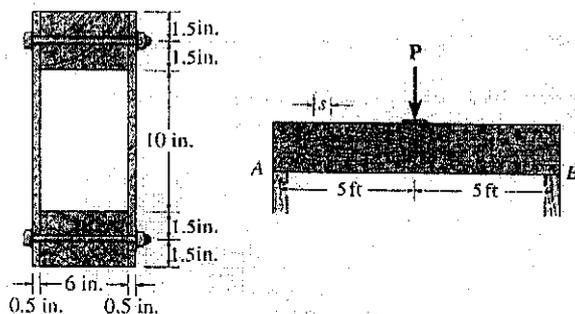


1. A double-web girder is constructed from two plywood sheets that are secured to wood members at its top and bottom. Assume A is pinned and B is roller.

(a) If each fastener can support 600 lb in single shear, determine the required spacing s of the fasteners needed to support the loading $P = 3000$ lb. (8%)

(b) Continue the previous problem. If the allowable bending stress for the wood is $\sigma_{allow} = 8$ ksi, the allowable shear stress is $\tau_{allow} = 3$ ksi, and the fasteners are spaced $s = 6$ in., check these three criteria and determine the maximum load P that can be applied to the beam. (12%)



2. The beam is subjected to the couple moment at its end C as shown in the figure.

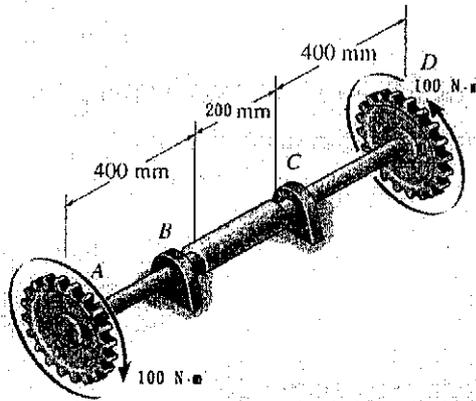
Please use **Moment-Area Method ONLY!!** Note that EI is constant.

(a) Determine the reaction at B . (10%)

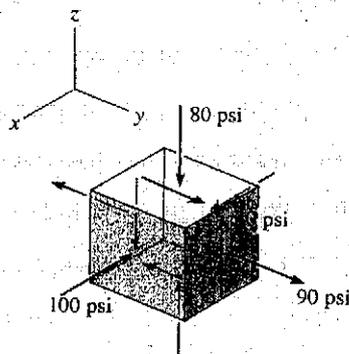
(b) Determine the slopes at A , B and C points. (10%)



3. The A-36 steel axle with modulus of rigidity $G=75 \text{ G Pa}$, which is made from tubes AB and CD and a solid section BC . It is supported on smooth bearings that allow it to rotate freely. The tubes have an outer diameter of 40 mm and an inner diameter of 20 mm. The solid section has a diameter of 60 mm. If the gears, fixed to its ends, are subjected to $100\text{- N}\cdot\text{m}$ torques as shown in following figure, determine the angle of twist of gear A relative to gear D . (20%)



4. The stress at a point is shown on the element. Draw the three Mohr's circles that describe this state of stress, and find the principal stresses and the absolute maximum shear stress. (20%)



5. Find the movement of pins A and B as shown in following figure, using the PRINCIPLE of VIRTUAL WORK. Take all the members to be linear elastic and to have the same cross-sectional area A and Young's modulus E (20%)

