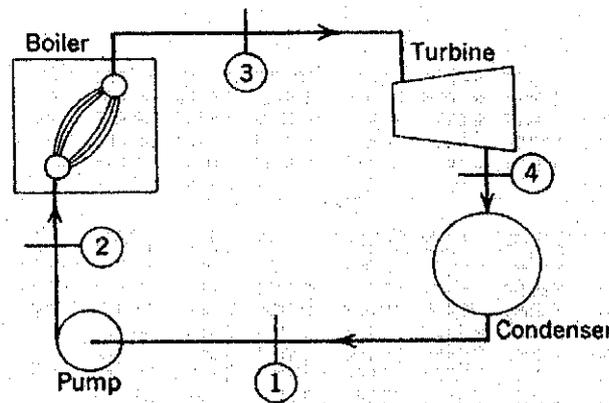


1. As shown in the following figure, a simple steam power plant operates on an ideal Rankine cycle. The steam leaves the boiler as saturated vapor.
- (a) Please describe the type of thermodynamic process in each of the pump, boiler, turbine and condenser. (6%)
 - (b) Please plot the Rankine cycle on a T-s diagram (5%).
 - (c) The condenser pressure is 10 kPa and the boiler pressure is 2.5 MPa. Please determine the work done by the pump (4%), the quality at state ④ (4%) and the thermal efficiency of the cycle (6%).



國立中正大學九十七學年度碩士班招生考試試題

所別：機械工程學系-丙組

科目：熱力學

2 節

第 2 頁，共 6 頁

Saturated Steam: Pressure Table.

Press. kPa <i>P</i>	Temp. °C <i>T</i>	Specific Volume		Internal Energy			Enthalpy			Entropy		
		Sat. Liquid <i>v_f</i>	Sat. Vapor <i>v_g</i>	Sat. Liquid <i>u_f</i>	Evap. <i>u_{fg}</i>	Sat. Vapor <i>u_g</i>	Sat. Liquid <i>h_f</i>	Evap. <i>h_{fg}</i>	Sat. Vapor <i>h_g</i>	Sat. Liquid <i>s_f</i>	Evap. <i>s_{fg}</i>	Sat. Vapor <i>s_g</i>
0.6113	0.01	0.001 000	206.14	.00	2375.3	2375.3	.01	2501.3	2501.4	.0000	9.1562	9.1562
1.0	6.98	0.001 000	129.21	29.30	2355.7	2385.0	29.30	2484.9	2514.2	.1059	8.8697	8.9756
1.5	13.03	0.001 001	87.98	54.71	2338.6	2393.3	54.71	2470.6	2525.3	.1957	8.6322	8.8279
2.0	17.50	0.001 001	67.00	73.48	2326.0	2399.5	73.48	2460.0	2533.5	.2607	8.4629	8.7237
2.5	21.08	0.001 002	54.25	88.48	2315.9	2404.4	88.49	2451.6	2540.0	.3120	8.3311	8.6432
3.0	24.08	0.001 003	45.67	101.04	2307.5	2408.5	101.05	2444.5	2545.5	.3545	8.2231	8.5776
4.0	28.96	0.001 004	34.80	121.45	2293.7	2415.2	121.46	2432.9	2554.4	.4226	8.0520	8.4746
5.0	32.88	0.001 005	28.19	137.81	2282.7	2420.5	137.82	2423.7	2561.5	.4764	7.9187	8.3951
7.5	40.29	0.001 008	19.24	168.78	2261.7	2430.5	168.79	2406.0	2574.8	.5764	7.6750	8.2515
10	45.81	0.001 010	14.67	191.82	2246.1	2437.9	191.83	2392.8	2584.7	.6493	7.5009	8.1502
15	53.97	0.001 014	10.02	225.92	2222.8	2448.7	225.94	2373.1	2599.1	.7549	7.2536	8.0085
20	60.06	0.001 017	7.649	251.38	2205.4	2456.7	251.40	2358.3	2609.7	.8320	7.0766	7.9085
25	64.97	0.001 020	6.204	271.90	2191.2	2463.1	271.93	2346.3	2618.2	.8931	6.9383	7.8314
30	69.10	0.001 022	5.229	289.20	2179.2	2468.4	289.23	2336.1	2625.8	.9439	6.8247	7.7686
40	75.87	0.001 027	3.993	317.53	2159.5	2477.0	317.58	2319.2	2636.8	1.0259	6.6441	7.6700
50	81.33	0.001 030	3.240	340.44	2143.4	2483.9	340.49	2305.4	2645.9	1.0910	6.5029	7.5939
75	91.78	0.001 037	2.217	384.31	2112.4	2496.7	384.39	2278.6	2663.0	1.2130	6.2434	7.4564
MPa												
0.100	99.63	0.001 043	1.6940	417.36	2088.7	2506.1	417.46	2258.0	2675.5	1.3026	6.0568	7.3594
0.125	105.99	0.001 048	1.3749	444.19	2069.3	2513.5	444.32	2241.0	2685.4	1.3740	5.9104	7.2844
0.150	111.37	0.001 053	1.1598	466.94	2052.7	2519.7	467.11	2226.5	2693.6	1.4336	5.7897	7.2233
0.175	116.06	0.001 057	1.0036	486.80	2038.1	2524.9	486.99	2213.6	2700.6	1.4849	5.6868	7.1717
0.200	120.23	0.001 061	0.8857	504.49	2025.0	2529.5	504.70	2201.9	2706.7	1.5301	5.5970	7.1271
0.225	124.00	0.001 064	0.7933	520.47	2013.1	2533.6	520.72	2191.3	2712.1	1.5706	5.5173	7.0878
0.250	127.44	0.001 067	0.7187	535.10	2002.1	2537.2	535.37	2181.5	2716.9	1.6072	5.4455	7.0527
0.275	130.60	0.001 070	0.6573	548.59	1991.9	2540.5	548.89	2172.4	2721.3	1.6408	5.3801	7.0209
0.300	133.55	0.001 073	0.6058	561.15	1982.4	2543.6	561.47	2163.8	2725.3	1.6718	5.3201	6.9919
0.325	136.30	0.001 076	0.5620	572.90	1973.5	2546.4	573.25	2155.8	2729.0	1.7006	5.2646	6.9652
0.350	138.88	0.001 079	0.5243	583.95	1965.0	2548.9	584.33	2148.1	2732.4	1.7275	5.2130	6.9405
0.375	141.32	0.001 081	0.4914	594.40	1956.9	2551.3	594.81	2140.8	2735.6	1.7528	5.1647	6.9175
0.40	143.63	0.001 084	0.4625	604.31	1949.3	2553.6	604.74	2133.8	2738.6	1.7766	5.1193	6.8959
0.45	147.93	0.001 088	0.4140	622.77	1934.9	2557.6	623.25	2120.7	2743.9	1.8207	5.0359	6.8565
0.50	151.86	0.001 093	0.3749	639.68	1921.6	2561.2	640.23	2108.5	2748.7	1.8607	4.9606	6.8213
0.55	155.48	0.001 097	0.3427	655.32	1909.2	2564.5	655.99	2097.0	2753.0	1.8973	4.8920	6.7893
0.60	158.85	0.001 101	0.3157	669.90	1897.5	2567.4	670.56	2086.3	2756.8	1.9312	4.8288	6.7600
0.65	162.01	0.001 104	0.2927	683.56	1886.5	2570.1	684.28	2076.0	2760.3	1.9627	4.7703	6.7331
0.70	164.97	0.001 108	0.2729	696.44	1876.1	2572.5	697.22	2066.3	2763.5	1.9922	4.7158	6.7080
0.75	167.78	0.001 112	0.2556	708.64	1866.1	2574.7	709.47	2057.0	2766.4	2.0200	4.6647	6.6847
0.80	170.43	0.001 115	0.2404	720.22	1856.6	2576.8	721.11	2048.0	2769.1	2.0462	4.6166	6.6628
0.85	172.96	0.001 118	0.2270	731.27	1847.4	2578.7	732.22	2039.4	2771.6	2.0710	4.5711	6.6421
0.90	175.38	0.001 121	0.2150	741.83	1838.6	2580.5	742.83	2031.1	2773.9	2.0946	4.5280	6.6226
0.95	177.69	0.001 124	0.2042	751.95	1830.2	2582.1	753.02	2023.1	2776.1	2.1172	4.4869	6.6041
1.00	179.91	0.001 127	0.194 44	761.68	1822.0	2583.6	762.81	2015.3	2778.1	2.1387	4.4478	6.5865
1.10	184.09	0.001 133	0.177 53	780.09	1806.3	2586.4	781.34	2000.4	2781.7	2.1792	4.3744	6.5536
1.20	187.99	0.001 139	0.163 33	797.29	1791.5	2588.8	798.65	1986.2	2784.8	2.2166	4.3067	6.5233
1.30	191.64	0.001 144	0.151 25	813.44	1777.5	2591.0	814.93	1972.7	2787.6	2.2515	4.2438	6.4953
1.40	195.07	0.001 149	0.140 84	828.70	1764.1	2592.8	830.30	1959.7	2790.0	2.2842	4.1850	6.4693
1.50	198.32	0.001 154	0.131 77	843.16	1751.3	2594.5	844.89	1947.3	2792.2	2.3150	4.1298	6.4448
1.75	205.76	0.001 166	0.113 49	876.46	1721.4	2597.8	878.50	1917.9	2796.4	2.3851	4.0044	6.3896
2.00	212.42	0.001 177	0.099 63	906.44	1693.8	2600.3	908.79	1890.7	2799.5	2.4474	3.8935	6.3409
2.25	218.45	0.001 187	0.088 75	933.83	1668.2	2602.0	936.49	1865.2	2801.7	2.5035	3.7937	6.2972
2.5	223.99	0.001 197	0.079 98	959.11	1644.0	2603.1	962.11	1841.0	2803.1	2.5547	3.7028	6.2575
3.0	233.90	0.001 217	0.066 68	1004.78	1599.3	2604.1	1008.42	1795.7	2804.2	2.6457	3.5412	6.1869

2. An insulated spring-loaded piston/cylinder, shown in the following figure, is connected to an air supply line by a valve. The air in the supply line is at 0.8 MPa and 800 K. Initially, the piston is evacuated and the volume for the chamber B is zero, $x = 0$. The spring constant is $k = 800$ kg/m. The valve is then opened and the air flows into the chamber from the air supply line until the pressure in chamber B reaches its maximum value, $P_B = P_{B,max}$.
- (1) Please set a control volume system for the analysis of the air inlet process. (5%)
 - (2) When the pressure of the cylinder pressure reaches its maximum value, $P_{B,max}$, find the values of $P_{B,max}$, P_B , T_B , and x_{max} . (10%)
 - (3) Assume the air behaves like an ideal gas, find the mass of air in the chamber B when $P_B = P_{B,max}$; and, find P_B , T_B , x and the mass of air in the chamber B when $P_B = \frac{1}{2} P_{B,max}$. (10%)

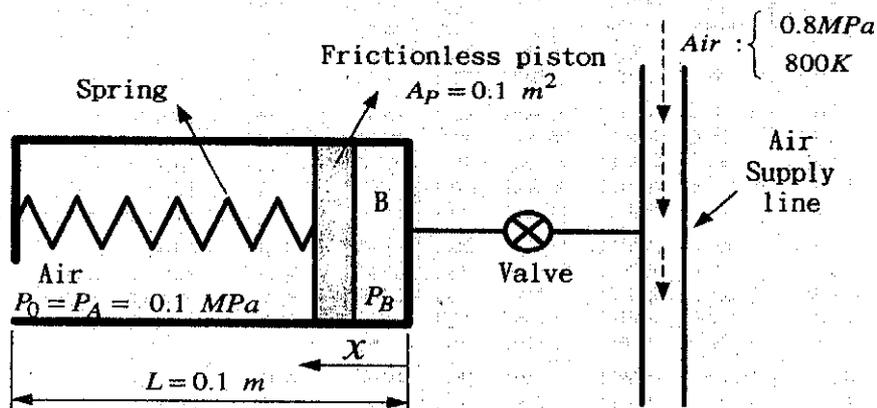


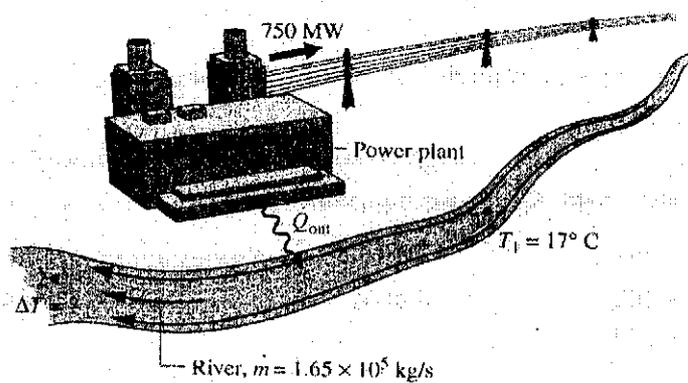
Table A-22 (Continued)

T(K), h and u(kJ/kg), s (kJ/kg·K)											
T	h	u	s ⁰	w Δs = 0		T	h	u	s ⁰	w Δs = 0	
				p _r	v _r					p _r	v _r
750	767.29	551.99	2.64737	37.35	57.63	1300	1395.97	1022.82	3.27345	330.9	11.275
760	778.18	560.01	2.66176	39.27	55.54	1320	1419.76	1040.88	3.29160	352.5	10.747
770	789.11	568.07	2.67595	41.31	53.39	1340	1443.60	1058.94	3.30959	375.3	10.247
780	800.03	576.12	2.69013	43.35	51.64	1360	1467.49	1077.10	3.32724	399.1	9.780
790	810.99	584.21	2.70400	45.55	49.86	1380	1491.44	1095.26	3.34474	424.2	9.337
800	821.95	592.30	2.71787	47.75	48.08	1400	1515.42	1113.52	3.36200	450.5	8.919
820	843.98	608.59	2.74504	52.59	44.84	1420	1539.44	1131.77	3.37901	478.0	8.526
840	866.08	624.95	2.77170	57.60	41.85	1440	1563.51	1150.13	3.39586	506.9	8.153
860	888.27	641.40	2.79783	63.09	39.12	1460	1587.63	1168.49	3.41247	537.1	7.801
880	910.56	657.95	2.82344	68.98	36.61	1480	1611.79	1186.95	3.42892	568.8	7.468
900	932.93	674.58	2.84856	75.29	34.31	1500	1635.97	1205.41	3.44516	601.9	7.152
920	955.38	691.28	2.87324	82.05	32.18	1520	1660.23	1223.87	3.46120	636.5	6.854
940	977.92	708.08	2.89748	89.28	30.22	1540	1684.51	1242.43	3.47712	672.8	6.569
960	1000.55	725.02	2.92128	97.00	28.40	1560	1708.82	1260.99	3.49276	710.5	6.301
980	1023.25	741.98	2.94468	105.2	26.73	1580	1733.17	1279.65	3.50829	750.0	6.046
1000	1046.04	758.94	2.96770	114.0	25.17	1600	1757.57	1298.30	3.52364	791.2	5.804
1020	1068.89	776.10	2.99034	123.4	23.72	1620	1782.00	1316.96	3.53879	834.1	5.574
1040	1091.85	793.36	3.01260	133.3	22.39	1640	1806.46	1335.72	3.55381	878.9	5.355
1060	1114.86	810.62	3.03449	143.9	21.14	1660	1830.96	1354.48	3.56867	925.6	5.147
1080	1137.89	827.88	3.05608	155.2	19.98	1680	1855.50	1373.24	3.58335	974.2	4.949
1100	1161.07	845.33	3.07732	167.1	18.896	1700	1880.1	1392.7	3.5979	1025	4.761
1120	1184.28	862.79	3.09825	179.7	17.886	1750	1941.6	1439.8	3.6336	1161	4.328
1140	1207.57	880.35	3.11883	193.1	16.946	1800	2003.3	1487.2	3.6684	1310	3.944
1160	1230.92	897.91	3.13916	207.2	16.064	1850	2065.3	1534.9	3.7023	1475	3.601
1180	1254.34	915.57	3.15916	222.2	15.241	1900	2127.4	1582.6	3.7354	1655	3.295
1200	1277.79	933.33	3.17888	238.0	14.470	1950	2189.7	1630.6	3.7677	1852	3.022
1220	1301.31	951.09	3.19834	254.7	13.747	2000	2252.1	1678.7	3.7994	2068	2.776
1240	1324.93	968.95	3.21751	272.3	13.069	2050	2314.6	1726.8	3.8303	2303	2.555
1260	1348.55	986.90	3.23638	290.8	12.435	2100	2377.4	1775.3	3.8605	2559	2.356
1280	1372.24	1004.76	3.25510	310.4	11.835	2150	2440.3	1823.8	3.8901	2837	2.175
						2200	2503.2	1872.4	3.9191	3138	2.012
						2250	2566.4	1921.3	3.9474	3464	1.864

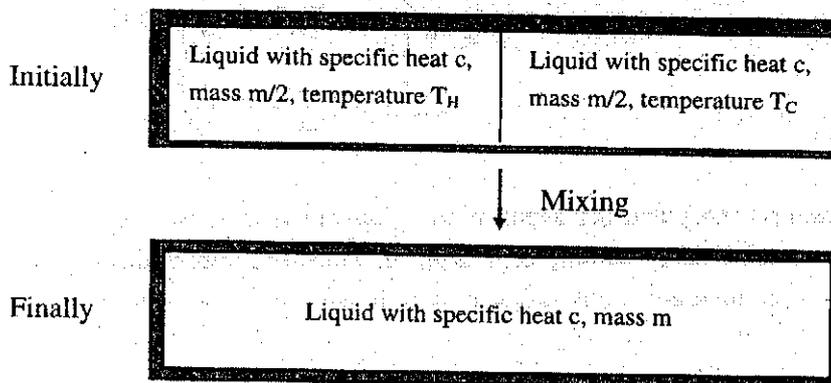
3. Demonstrate:

- (a) $Tds = du + pdv$ and $Tds = dh - vdp$, where u , h , and s represent the specific internal energy, enthalpy and entropy, respectively. (4%)
- (b) $c_p - c_v = R$ for an ideal gas, where c_p and c_v are the constant-pressure and constant-volume specific heats, respectively, and R is the with the gas constant. (3%)
- (c) $\Delta s = s_2 - s_1 = c \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}$ for an incompressible substance with constant specific heat of c . (3%)

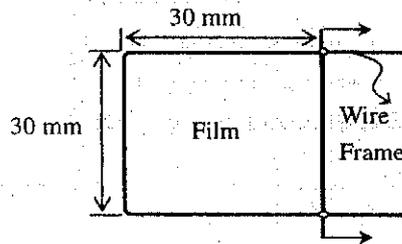
4. At steady state, a 750-MW power plant receives energy by heat transfer from combustion of fuel at an average temperature of 307°C. The plant discharges energy by heat transfer to a river whose mass flow rate is 1.65×10^5 kg/s. Upstream of the power plant the river is at 17°C. Determine the theoretical minimum temperature increase of the river, ΔT_{\min} , in °C. Assume the water behaves like an incompressible fluid with constant specific heat, $c_p = 4.0$ kJ/kgK. (9%)



5. An isolated system of total mass m is formed by mixing two equal masses of the same liquid initially at temperature T_H and T_C . Eventually, the system attains an equilibrium state. If the liquid is assumed to be incompressible and with constant specific heat c . Show that the entropy production, σ , is $\sigma = mc \ln \left[\frac{T_H + T_C}{2(T_H T_C)^{1/2}} \right]$. (6%)



6. A film at 25°C has a surface tension of 30.5 mN/m and is maintained on a wire frame as shown in the following figure. Consider the film with two surfaces as a control mass and find the work done when the wire is moved 5 mm to make the film from $30 \text{ mm} \times 30 \text{ mm}$ to $30 \text{ mm} \times 35 \text{ mm}$. (10%)



7. The mass rate of flow into a steam turbine is 1.5 kg/s , and the heat transfer from the turbine is 10.5 kW . The following data are known for the steam entering and leaving the turbine.

	Inlet	Outlet
Pressure	2.0 MPa	0.8 MPa
Temperature	400°C	
Quality		100 %
Velocity	50 m/s	250 m/s
Elevation about reference plane	9 m	3 m

- (1) Please state the first law of thermodynamics for the steady-state, steady-flow process. (5%)
 (2) Please find the power output of the turbine. (10%)

Reference: Part of "Thermodynamic Properties of Superheated Vapor Water" Tables are listed for reference

$P=800 \text{ kPa}$				
T	v	u	h	s
Sat.	0.24043	2576.8	2769.1	6.6627
200	0.26080	2630.6	2839.2	6.8158
250	0.29314	2715.5	2950.0	7.0384
300	0.32411	2797.1	3056.4	7.2327
350	0.35439	2878.2	3161.7	7.4088
400	0.38426	2959.7	3267.1	7.5715
500	0.44331	3125.9	3480.6	7.8672

$P=2.00 \text{ MPa}$				
T	v	u	h	s
Sat.	0.09963	2600.3	2799.5	6.3408
225	0.10377	2628.3	2835.8	6.4146
250	0.11144	2679.6	2902.5	6.5452
300	0.12547	2772.6	3023.5	6.7663
350	0.13857	2859.8	3137.0	6.9562
400	0.15120	2945.2	3247.6	7.1270
500	0.17568	3116.2	3467.6	7.4316