

1. Solve the following differential equation:

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = 1 - v^2; \quad v(0) = 2,$$

to obtain the dependence of the variable v on the independent variable $t \in [0, \infty)$. (10%)

2. Solve the following integral equation:

$$\delta(t) = y(t) + \int_0^t y(\tau) d\tau; \quad y(0) = 0,$$

for the variable y being a function of $t \in [0, \infty)$, where δ denotes the Dirac delta function. (15%)

3. For a 2x2 matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix},$$

- a) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of this matrix (7 %)
b) Find the diagonalization of this matrix (8%)

4. Given the force vector $\mathbf{F} = (xy^2 + xz^2, yz^2 + yx^2, zx^2 + zy^2)$

- (a) Show that \mathbf{F} is a CONSERVATIVE force field. (5%)
(b) Find the POTENTIAL FUNCTION of the force field. (5%)

5. Use Green's Theorem to evaluate the line integral

$$I = \int_C y^3 dx + (x^3 + 3xy^2) dy$$

Where C is the path from $(0, 0)$ to $(1, 1)$ along the graph of $y = x^3$ and from $(1, 1)$ to $(0, 0)$ along the graph of $y = x$. (10%)

6. Solve the following partial differential equation:

$$x^2 \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x \partial y} + 3y^2 U = 0 \quad (10\%)$$

7.

(a) Find the Fourier transform, $F(\alpha)$, of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & |x| < a \\ 0 & |x| > a \end{cases}$. (4%)

(b) Graph $f(x)$ and its Fourier transform $F(\alpha)$ for $a = 2$. (4%)

(c) If $f(x)$ is an even function, show that:

$$F(\alpha) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \cos \alpha x \, dx = ? \quad (4\%)$$

(d) Find $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} \, dx = ?$ (3%)

8.

(a) Prove that $\sin(x + iy) = \sin x \cosh y + i \cos(x) \sinh(y)$ (4%)

(b) If z is a complex variable, $z = x + iy$, evaluate the integral

$$\int_{1+i}^{2+4i} z^2 \, dz \text{ along the parabola } x = t, y = t^2 \text{ where } 1 \leq t \leq 2.$$

(4%)

(c) If C is a simple closed curve bounding a region having $z = a$ as

interior point, find $\oint_C \frac{dz}{(z-a)^n} = ?$ where $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, \dots$

(4%)

(d) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{5 + 3 \cos \theta} \, d\theta = ?$. (3%)