

6. A normal shock shown in Figure 6, is observed in an air flow at Mach M_1 , temperature T_1 , pressure P_1 , density ρ_1 , and velocity V_1 .

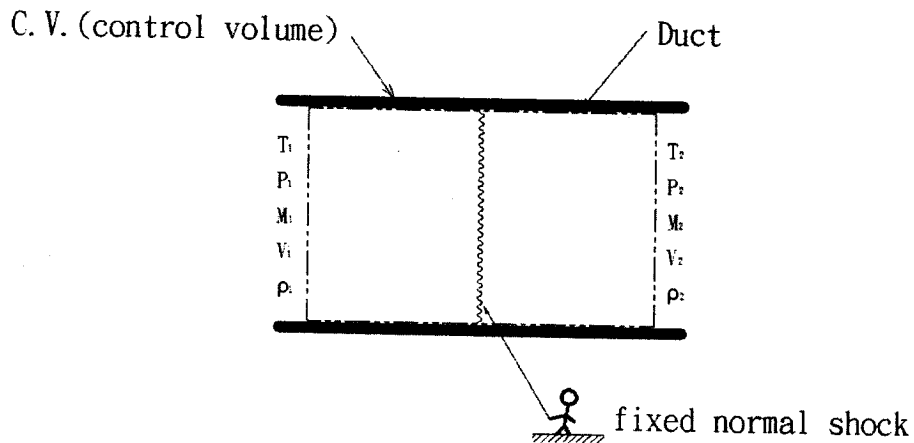


Figure 6 : A fixed normal shock in one-dimensional flow

Solve the following problem,

(a) To prove the equation (6a) where T_t is the stagnation temperature of air, T is the static temperature of air, M is the Mach number of air, and γ is the specific heat ratio of air,

$$(5\%) \quad \frac{T_t}{T} = 1 + \frac{\gamma - 1}{2} M^2. \quad (6a)$$

(b) Find the stagnation temperature of air at Mach 4 and at static temperature 200K. (5%)

(c) To prove the temperature ratio across the normal shock as

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{1 + \frac{\gamma - 1}{2} M_1^2}{1 + \frac{\gamma - 1}{2} M_2^2} \quad (6b)$$

and list the assumptions used in the derivation of the above equation. (5%)

(d) Find the temperature after normal shock, T_2 , giving,

$$M_2 = \frac{M_1^2 + \frac{2}{\gamma - 1}}{\frac{2\gamma}{\gamma - 1} M_1^2 - 1}. \quad (5\%) \quad (6c)$$

(e) How to prove equation (6c) and list the assumptions used in the derivation of the above equation. (5%)